

# SAFETY DATA SHEET TENSORGRIP C101 CITRUS CLEANER AEROSOL

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name TENSORGRIP C101 CITRUS CLEANER AEROSOL

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Aerosol

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier QUIN GLOBAL (UK) LTD

PO BOX 7634 PERTH PH2 1GA

+44 (0)845 381 2233

technical.uk@quinglobal.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0)845 381 2233 (Mon - Fri) 09:00 - 16:00

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

# 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Additional information

For professional users only.

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Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Orange, sweet, ext., Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, Acetone

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

Orange, sweet, ext.		30-60%	
CAS number: 8028-48-6	EC number: 232-433-8		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	-		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			

Petroleum gases, liquefied 30-60%

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

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Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

10-25%

CAS number: — EC number: 921-024-6 REACH registration number: 01-

2119475514-35-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Acetone 5-10%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471330-49-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Stop if the affected person

feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take

place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin contact** It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any

sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove

contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Continue to rinse for

at least 15 minutes. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force skin apart.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If

adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

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# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information**See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Get medical attention. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours

in high concentrations are narcotic.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause

sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Entry into the lungs following

ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin contact** May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged or

repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Dryness and/or cracking. Bonds

skin and eyes in seconds.

Eye contact Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May cause discomfort. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and

propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Harmful gases or vapours.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to

flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs,

notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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#### Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

#### **Environmental precautions**

Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush away spillage with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

# Usage precautions

For professional users only. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Storage precautions Store at temperatures between 10°C and 25°C. Store away from incompatible materials (see

Section 10). Store in accordance with national regulations. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless

and not absorbent.

**Storage class** Flammable compressed gas storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2035 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 773 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 608 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day

# Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

marine water; 1.06 mg/lIntermittent release; 21 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

- Soil; 29.5 mg/kg

# 8.2. Exposure controls

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#### Protective equipment







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

#### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

# Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

# Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

# Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Clear liquid.

Odour Characteristic.

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Odour threshold Not available.

**pH** Not available.

Melting point Not available.

**Initial boiling point and range** Not available.

Flash point Not available.

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Evaporation factor** Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density  $\geq 0.75$ 

Solubility(ies) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 756 g/l.

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Containers can

burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

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Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid

products

smoke or fumes.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Other health effects No data available.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

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**Inhalation** During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations

are narcotic.

**Ingestion** Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Entry into the

lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in

sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Orange, sweet, ext.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> : > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub>: > 5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 3.5 Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye** Dose: 0.1 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Chromosome aberration: Negative.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Aspiration hazard 1.17 cSt @ 20°C May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - - NOAEC 10000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P

fertility

Reproductive toxicity - Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10426 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

development

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 10000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,840.0

mg/kg)

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**Species** Rat

5,840.0 ATE oral (mg/kg)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,800.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,800.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC<sub>50</sub>: >25.2 mg/l, Inhalation, Vapour, Rat 4 hours

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely

perceptible (1). Primary dermal irritation index: 0.67 Oedema score: No oedema (0).

Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Dose: 0.2 ml, 7 days, Rabbit Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Read-across data.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 31680 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat P

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: > 7000 ppm, Inhalation, Rabbit Read-across

Reproductive toxicity -

development

data.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT - single exposure

**Target organs** Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 14000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Acetone

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) LD₅o 5800 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >15800 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

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Notes (inhalation LC50)  $LC_{50} \sim 132$  mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 10 µl, 3 days, Guinea pig Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0).

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOEL 79 mg, Inhalation, Mouse

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 2200 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 50000 ppm, Oral, Rat

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Ecological information on ingredients.

# Orange, sweet, ext.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 5.65 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 49.47 mg/l, Fish

(Q)SAR

(Q)SAR

Calculation method.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 69.43 mg/l, Daphnia

invertebrates

(Q)SAR Calculation method.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 96 hours: 12.32 mg/l, Algae

plants

Calculation method.

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Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 48 hours: 3 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EL50, 72 hours: 10-30 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOELR, 28 days: 2.045 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 0.17 mg/l, Daphnia magna LOEC, 21 days: 0.32 mg/l, Daphnia magna

EC<sub>50</sub>, 21 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

# Acetone

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia pulex

Acute toxicity microorganisms

EC<sub>50</sub>, 30 minutes: 61150 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

# Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Petroleum gases, liquefied

**Phototransformation** Air - DT<sub>50</sub>: 1906 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (100%): 385.5 hours

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (83%): 16 days

> Water - Degradation (98%): 28 days The substance is readily biodegradable.

> > Acetone

Air - DT<sub>50</sub> : ~ 10 days **Phototransformation** 

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**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (100%): 4 days

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Acetone

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.24

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

**Mobility** The product has poor water-solubility.

Surface tension 20.9 mN/m @ 25°C

Acetone

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Henry's law constant 3 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

Surface tension 23 mN/m @ 20 - 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB**This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Orange, sweet, ext.

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

#### TENSORGRIP C101 CITRUS CLEANER AEROSOL

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

#### **Acetone**

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

None known.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

# 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1950

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1950

**UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

**UN No. (ADN)** 1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

**AEROSOLS** 

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS (CONTAINS Orange, sweet, ext., Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,

cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

# TENSORGRIP C101 CITRUS CLEANER AEROSOL

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

#### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

ADN packing group None

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

# Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2YE

Tunnel restriction code (D)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

#### TENSORGRIP C101 CITRUS CLEANER AEROSOL

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Expert judgement. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Skin Sens. 1 - H317, Asp.

Tox. 1 - H304, Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision date 17/12/2019

Revision 17

Supersedes date 02/10/2019

SDS number 22929

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE** 

**PRODUCT LOGO** 

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.